

# Determining an Empirical Formula

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An empirical formula is the smallest whole number ratio between the elements in a compound. For ionic compounds the empirical formula is the same as the chemical formula, also known as the formula unit. However, in molecular compounds the chemical formula is often different from the empirical formula.

Chemical Formula		Empirical Formula
ethane	$C_2H_6$	$CH_3$
ethyne	$C_2H_2$	$CH$
water	$H_2O$	$H_2O$
sodium chloride	$NaCl$	$NaCl$
glucose	$C_6H_{12}O_6$	$CH_2O$

To determine an empirical formula you must have the percentage composition of the compound.

We start by assuming there is  $100\text{g}$  of the compound. We then find the mass of each element in the  $100\text{g}$  of compound using the percentage composition. Then the masses of each element are converted into moles of each element. Finally the ratio of the moles is put into lowest whole numbers.

Example #1: Determine the empirical formula of a compound with a percentage composition of 38.71% carbon, 9.71% hydrogen, and 51.58% oxygen.

Solution:

Assume there is 100 g of the compound.

$$m_c = 38.71\% \times 100\text{ g} = 38.71\text{ g}$$

$$m_H = 9.71\% \times 100\text{ g} = 9.71\text{ g}$$

$$m_o = 51.58\% \times 100\text{ g} = 51.58\text{ g}$$

$$n_C = 38.71 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{12.01 \text{ g}} = 3.223 \text{ mol}$$

$$n_H = 9.71 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{1.01 \text{ g}} = 9.614 \text{ mol}$$

$$n_O = 51.58 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{16.00 \text{ g}} = 3.224 \text{ mol}$$

$\therefore$  the empirical formula is  $\text{C}_{\frac{3.22}{3.22}} \text{H}_{\frac{9.61}{3.22}} \text{O}_{\frac{3.22}{3.22}}$

$\therefore$  the empirical formula is  $\text{CH}_3\text{O}$ .

Example #2: What is the empirical formula for a compound that has a percentage composition of 69.9 % iron and 30.1% oxygen.

Solution :

Assume there is 100 g of compound.

$$m_{\text{Fe}} = 69.9\% \times 100 \text{ g} = 69.9 \text{ g}$$

$$m_{\text{O}} = 30.1\% \times 100 \text{ g} = 30.1 \text{ g}.$$

$$n_{\text{Fe}} = 69.9 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{55.85 \text{ g}} = 1.252 \text{ mol}.$$

$$n_{\text{O}} = 30.1 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{16.00 \text{ g}} = 1.881 \text{ mol}.$$

Fe : O

$$\frac{1.25}{1.25} : \frac{1.88}{1.25}$$

$$1 : 1.5$$

$$2 : 3$$

$\therefore$  the empirical formula is  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$

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